What is claimed is:

1. A fabric treatment composition comprising

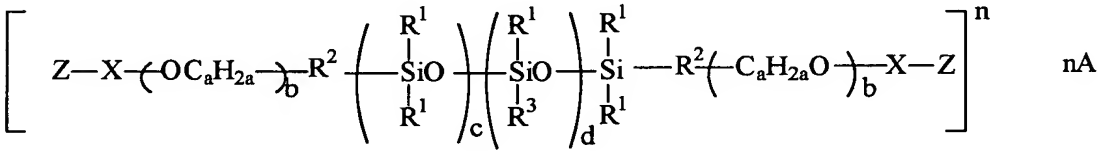
(a) at least one cationic silicone polymer comprising one or more polysiloxane units and one or more quaternary nitrogen moieties; and

(b) one or more nitrogen-free silicone polymers;

wherein the ratio, by weight, of the cationic silicone polymer to the nitrogen-free silicone polymer is from about 10:1 to about 0.01:1.

2. A fabric treatment composition according to Claim 1, wherein the ratio, by weight, of the cationic silicone polymer to the nitrogen-free silicone polymer is from about 1:1 to about 0.1:1.

3. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 1 wherein the cationic silicone polymer has the formula:



nA

wherein:

- R^1 is independently selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, and mixtures thereof;
- R^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of divalent organic moieties;
- X is independently selected from the group consisting of ring-opened epoxides;
- R^3 is independently selected from polyether groups having the formula:

$$-M^1(C_aH_{2a}O)_b-M^2$$

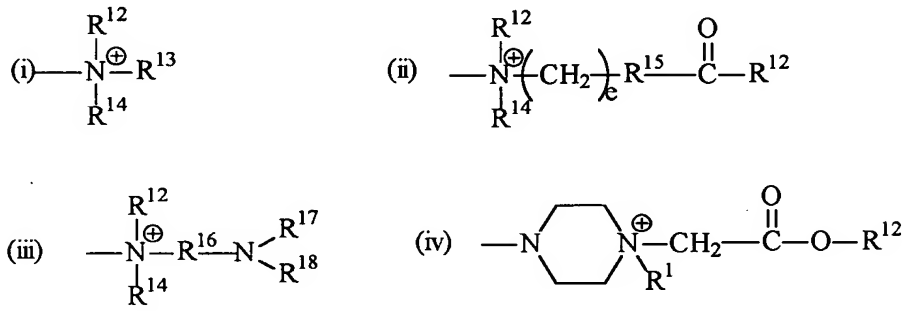
wherein M^1 is a divalent hydrocarbon residue; M^2 is independently selected from the group

consisting of H, C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof;

- Z is independently selected from the group consisting of monovalent organic moieties comprising at least one quaternized nitrogen atom;

- a is from about 2 to about 4; b is from 0 to about 100; c is from about 1 to about 1000; d is from 0 to about 100; n is the number of positive charges associated with the cationic silicone polymer, which is greater than or equal to about 2; and A is a monovalent anion.

4. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 3 wherein Z is independently selected from the group consisting of:



(v) monovalent aromatic or aliphatic heterocyclic group, substituted or unsubstituted, containing at least one quaternized nitrogen atom;

wherein:

- R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof;

- R^{15} is -O- or NR^{19};

- R^{16} is a divalent hydrocarbon residue;

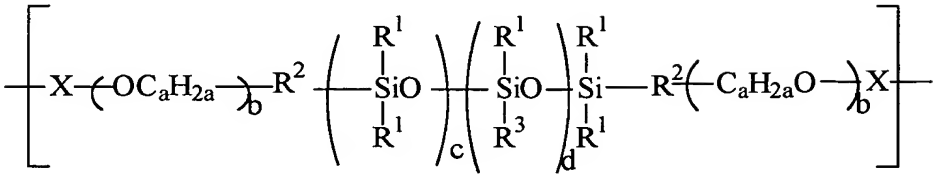
- R^{17}, R^{18}, R^{19} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof; and

- e is from about 1 to about 6.

5. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 1 wherein the cationic silicone polymer

is composed of alternating units of:

(i) a polysiloxane of the following formula:



; and

(ii) a divalent organic moiety comprising at least two quaternized nitrogen atoms;

wherein:

- R^1 is independently selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, and mixtures thereof;
- R^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of divalent organic moieties;
- X is independently selected from the group consisting of ring-opened epoxides;
- R^3 is independently selected from polyether groups having the formula:

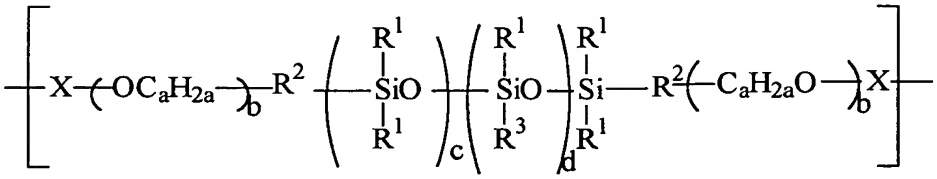
$$-M^1(C_aH_{2a}O)_b-M^2$$

wherein M^1 is a divalent hydrocarbon residue; M^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof;

- a is from about 2 to about 4; b is from 0 to about 100; c is from about 1 to about 1000; and d is from 0 to about 100.

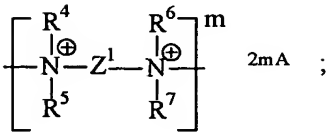
6. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 1 wherein the cationic silicone polymer is composed of alternating units of:

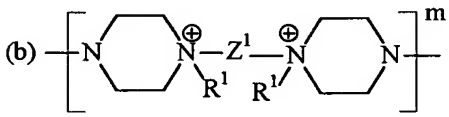
(i) a polysiloxane of the following formula:

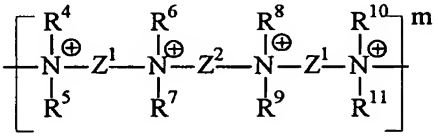


; and

(ii) a cationic divalent organic moiety selected from the group consisting of:

(a)  ;

(b)  ;

(c)  ;

(d) a divalent aromatic or aliphatic heterocyclic group, substituted or unsubstituted, containing at least one quaternized nitrogent atom; and

mixtures thereof;

wherein R^1 is independently selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, and mixtures thereof;

- R^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of divalent organic moieties;
- X is independently selected from the group consisting of ring-opened epoxides;
- R^3 is independently selected from polyether groups having the formula:

$$-M^1(C_aH_{2a}O)_b-M^2$$

wherein M^1 is a divalent hydrocarbon residue; M^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof;

- R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8, R^9, R^{10}, R^{11} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl and mixtures thereof; or in which R^4 and R^6, or R^5 and R^7, or R^8 and R^{10}, or R^9 and R^{11} are components of a bridging alkylene group;
- Z^1 and Z^2 are the same or different divalent hydrocarbon groups each comprising at least about 2 carbon atoms;

- a is from about 2 to about 4; b is from 0 to about 100; c is from about 1 to about 1000; d is from 0 to about 100;

- m is the number of positive charges associated with the cationic divalent organic moiety, which is greater than or equal to about 2; A is an anion; and

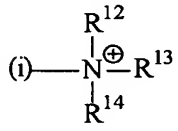
wherein, expressed as fractions on the total moles of the organosilicone – free moieties, and the cationic divalent organic moiety (ii) is present at of from about 0.05 to about 1.0 mole fraction.

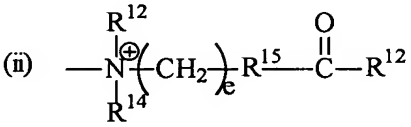
7. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 6 wherein the cationic silicone further comprises a polyalkyleneoxide amine of formula:

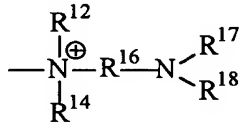
$$[- Y - O (-C_aH_{2a}O)_b - Y -]$$

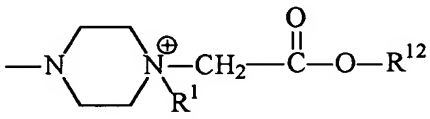
wherein Y is a divalent organic group comprising a secondary or tertiary amine; a is from about 2 to about 4 and b is from 0 to about 100; and the polyalkyleneoxide amine is present of from 0.0 to about 0.95 mole fraction.

8. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 6 wherein the cationic silicone further comprises an end-group cationic monovalent organic moiety selected from the group consisting of:

(i) 

(ii) 

(iii) 

(iv) 

(v) monovalent aromatic or aliphatic heterocyclic group, substituted or unsubstituted, containing at least one quaternized nitrogen atom;

wherein:

- R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy

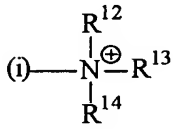
alkyl groups, and mixtures thereof;

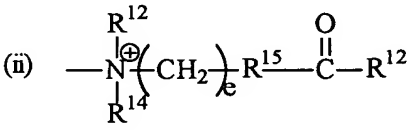
- R^{15} is -O- or NR^{19};

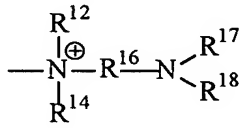
- R^{16} is divalent hydrocarbon residue;

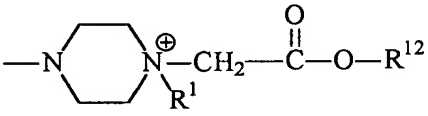
- R^{17}, R^{18}, R^{19} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof; e is from about 1 to about 6; and the cationic monovalent organic moiety is present of from 0 to about 0.2 mole fraction.

9. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 7 wherein the cationic silicone further comprises an end-group cationic monovalent organic moiety selected from the group consisting of:

(i) 

(ii) 

(iii) 

(iv) 

(v) monovalent aromatic or aliphatic heterocyclic group, substituted or unsubstituted, containing at least one quaternized nitrogen atom;

wherein:

- R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl groups, and mixtures thereof;

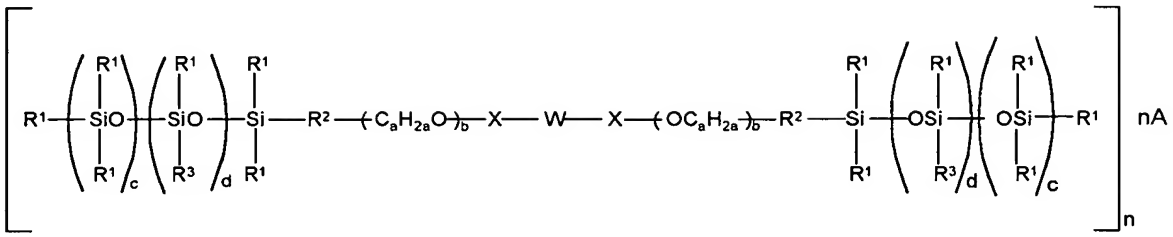
- R^{15} is -O- or NR^{19};

- R^{16} is divalent hydrocarbon residue;

- R^{17}, R^{18}, R^{19} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof; e is from about 1 to about 6; and the cationic monovalent organic moiety is present of from 0 to about 0.2 mole fraction.

10. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 1 wherein the cationic silicone polymer

has the formula:



wherein:

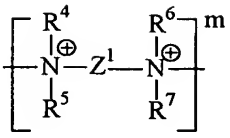
- R^1 is independently selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, and mixtures thereof;
- R^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of divalent organic moieties;
- X is independently selected from the group consisting of ring-opened epoxides;
- R^3 is independently selected from polyether groups having the formula:

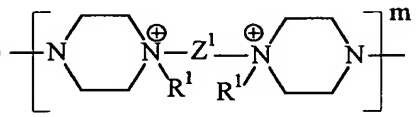
$$-M^1(C_aH_{2a}O)_b-M^2$$

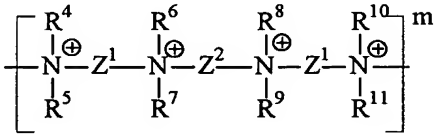
wherein M^1 is a divalent hydrocarbon residue; M^2 is selected from the group consisting of H, C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof;

- W is independently selected from the group consisting of divalent organic moieties comprising at least one quaternized nitrogen atom;
- a is from about 2 to about 4; b is from 0 to about 100; c is from about 1 to about 1000; d is from 0 to about 100; n is the number of positive charges associated with the cationic silicone polymer, which is greater than or equal to about 1; and A is a counterion.

11. A fabric treatment composition according to claim 10 wherein W is selected from the group consisting of:

(a)  2mA ;

(b)  2mA ;

(c)  4mA ;

(d) a divalent aromatic or aliphatic heterocyclic group, substituted or unsubstituted, containing at least one quaternized nitrogent atom; and

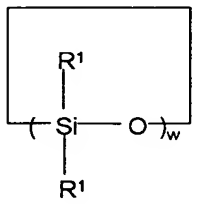
mixtures thereof;

wherein R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8, R^9, R^{10}, R^{11} are the same or different, and are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-22} alkyl, C_{2-22} alkenyl, C_{6-22} alkylaryl, aryl, cycloalkyl, C_{1-22} hydroxyalkyl, polyalkyleneoxide, (poly)alkoxy alkyl, and mixtures thereof; or in which R^4 and R^6, or R^5 and R^7, or R^8 and R^{10}, or R^9 and R^{11} are components of a bridging alkylene group;

- m is the number of positive charges associated with the cationic divalent organic moiety, which is greater than or equal to about 2; A is an anion; and

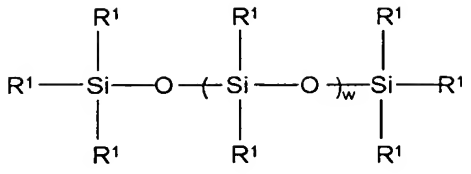
- Z^1 and Z^2 are the same or different divalent hydrocarbon groups comprising each at least about 2 carbon atoms.

12. A fabric treatment composition according to Claim 1 wherein the nitrogen-free silicone polymer is selected from nonionic nitrogen-free silicone polymers having a formulae selected from (I) to (III):

 (I);

$R^2—(R^1)_2SiO—[(R^1)_2SiO]_a—[(R^1)(R^2)SiO]_b—Si(R^1)_2—R^2$

(II);



(III);

and mixtures thereof,

wherein each R^1 is independently selected from the group consisting of linear, branched or cyclic alkyl groups having from about 1 to about 20 carbon atoms; linear, branched or cyclic alkenyl groups having from about 2 to about 20 carbon atoms; aryl groups having from about 6 to about 20 carbon atoms; alkylaryl groups having from about 7 to about 20 carbon atoms; arylalkyl and arylalkenyl groups having from about 7 to about 20 carbon atoms, and mixtures thereof; each R^2 is independently selected from the group consisting of linear, branched or cyclic alkyl groups having from about 1 to about 20 carbon atoms; linear, branched or cyclic alkenyl groups having from about 2 to about 20 carbon atoms; aryl groups having from about 6 to about 20 carbon atoms; alkylaryl groups having from about 7 to about 20 carbon atoms; arylalkyl; arylalkenyl groups having from 7 to 20 carbon atoms and from a poly(ethyleneoxide/propyleneoxide) copolymer group having the general formula (IV):

$$-(CH_2)_n O(C_2 H_4 O)_c (C_3 H_6 O)_d R^3$$

(IV)

wherein at least one R^2 is a poly(ethyleneoxy/propyleneoxy) copolymer group, and each R^3 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl groups having about 1 to about 4 carbon atoms, acetyl groups, and mixtures thereof, wherein the index w has the value as such that the viscosity of the nitrogen-free silicone polymer of formulae (I) and (III) is between about $2 \cdot 10^{-6}$ m^2/s (about 2 centistokes at 20 °C) and about 50 m^2/s (about 50,000,000 centistokes at 20 °C); wherein a is from about 1 to about 50; b is from about 1 to about 50; n is from about 1 to about 50; total c (for all polyalkyleneoxy side groups) has a value of from about 1 to about 100; total d is from 0 to about 14; total c+d has a value of from about 5 to about 150.

13. A fabric treatment composition according Claim 1, further comprising one or more laundry

adjunct materials selected from the group consisting of:

(a) stabilizers;

(b) surfactants selected from the group consisting of nitrogen-free nonionic surfactants, nitrogen-containing surfactants and anionic surfactants, and mixtures thereof;

(c) coupling agents;

(d) detergent builders;

(e) fabric substantive perfumes;

(f) scavenger agents selected from the group consisting of fixing agents for anionic dyes, complexing agents for anionic surfactants, clay soil control agents, and mixtures thereof;

(g) enzymes;

(h) chelating agents;

(i) solvent systems;

(j) effervescent systems; and

(k) mixtures thereof.

14. Use of a fabric treatment composition according to Claim 1 wherein the composition is a rinse-added fabric softening composition or a fabric finishing composition or a laundry detergent composition, and combinations thereof.

15. Use of a fabric treatment composition according to Claim 1 to impart on a fabric substrate at least one or more fabric care benefits selected from the group consisting of reduction of wrinkles benefits; removal of wrinkles benefits; prevention of wrinkles benefits; fabric softness benefits; fabric feel benefits; garment shape retention benefits; garment shape recovery benefits; elasticity benefits; ease of ironing benefits; perfume benefits; color care benefits; and mixtures thereof.

16. A method for treating a substrate comprising contacting the substrate with a fabric treatment composition according to Claim 1.

17. A process for preparing a fabric treatment composition according to Claim 10 comprising the step of a) premixing the nitrogen-free silicone polymer with the cationic silicone polymer; b) premixing all other ingredients; and c) combining said two premixes a) and b).